Quiz 2

B Term, 2011

Show all work needed to reach your answers.

1. (10 points) Suppose that $f, g: [a, b] \to \mathbb{R}$ are both Riemann integrable functions, and that $\exists m, M \in \mathbb{R}$ s.t. $m \leq f(x) \leq g(x) \leq M \ \forall x \in [a, b]$. What can be said about the integrals of f and q?

 $m(b-a) \leq \int f(x)dx \leq \int g(x)dx \leq M(b-a)$

2. (15 points) Suppose that $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$.

(a) Please give an example of a partition P such that |P| < 1/2.

5 P = {0, 1/3, 2/3, 1}

- (b) Please give the Riemann sum corresponding to your partition and using the right endpoints of each subinterval as the sampling points.

 $S = f(\frac{1}{3}) \frac{1}{3} + f(\frac{2}{3}) \frac{1}{3} + f(1) \frac{1}{3}$

(c) If f is integrable, then a certain limit must converge. What is this limit, and what types of partitions and sampling points must be considered?

If f is integrable, then

lim +1 M f(3) AX;

IPI-0 isi exists, independent of the choice of sampling points $S: \in [X_i, X_i]$ and for all sufficiently fine partitions.